

## About Our Dental Visits:

My dental visit is on:

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Time \_\_\_\_\_

My child's dental visit is on:

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Time \_\_\_\_\_

Dentist's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Location: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

A dental visit is a good time to ask questions.

Ask your dentist:

- Is my child getting enough fluoride?
- Am I brushing my child's teeth right?
- Is my child's tooth color okay?  
(Remember, baby teeth should all be one color.)

Also, tell your dentist:

- What your baby likes to eat and drink.
- If your baby is still using a bottle.



For more information, call  
1-800-232-1676 or visit [www.azdhs.gov](http://www.azdhs.gov).  
If your child is on AHCCCS or KidsCare,  
dental visits are covered.

ARE YOU PASSING  
**TOOTH  
DECAY**  
TO YOUR BABY?

A close-up photograph of a blue dental mirror, which is a specialized tool used by dentists to examine the back of a patient's mouth. The mirror is positioned diagonally across the right side of the page, with its handle pointing towards the top left and its reflective head pointing towards the bottom right.

## Did you know? Germs + Sugar = Tooth Decay

### Germs Cause Tooth Decay.

Tooth decay is an infection. Germs and sugary food left in your child's mouth can eat holes in the teeth called cavities.

### Don't Share Germs.

You pass germs on to your child when you share food, forks, spoons, straws, toothbrushes or pacifiers.

### Limit Sugar.

Sugar is in many foods. Limit sweets (candy, cookies, pudding, etc.), snack foods (chips and french fries), and sweet drinks (soda, fruit punch, sports drinks).

## Take care of your child's teeth:

### Brush.

Brush your child's teeth with a soft toothbrush twice a day to remove germs and food. You can start using a pea-size drop of fluoride toothpaste when your child is two years old.

### Go to the Dentist.

Your child needs a dental visit by age one and every year after that. Starting dental visits early can prevent costly dental care later. If your child is on the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS) or KidsCare, dental visits are covered.



### Use a Cup Instead of a Bottle.

Your child should drink from a cup at age one. The best drinks for your child are:

- Water with fluoride
- Milk
- Small amounts of 100% fruit juice (1/2 cup to 2/3 cup per day)

### Check Your Child's Teeth and Gums.

Look at your child's teeth and gums at least once a month. Healthy teeth should be all one color. Take your child to the dentist if you see white or brown spots or stains on the teeth.

### Give Your Child Water with Fluoride.

Ask a dentist or doctor if your tap water has fluoride. If you buy bottled water, check the label for fluoride. Fluoride is a safe and easy way to protect teeth from decay. It also helps heal early decay.

### Give Your Child Healthy Meals and Snacks.

Give your child three good meals a day.